

THE AMADOR LEDGER

Established November 1, 1855.

JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1905.

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News Clipped From Our Exchanges

What is the Law?

When a court records its opinion, dear boy, that is the law; when it reverses its opinion, that is the law; when a higher court comes along and overturns the reversal, that is the law; when the highest court reverses every thing and every body, that is the law; when thereafter by a majority of one it compels its own wide-reaching reversal to turn a somersault, that is the law. What is the law applicable to the case of Foggs vs. Befoggs? How do I know? The highest court has not yet had time to reverse its own decision, and until it does what man would venture to hold an opinion? In the meantime, however, "ignorance of the law excuses no man." Don't dare to be ignorant of it—after the time has passed for the late possible reversal of the last possible reversal. Until then, dear boy—well, I don't know. Perhaps somebody who is wiser than I—a lawyer, for instance—could tell you.—Exchange.

Deserting From The Army.

Such an enormous percentage of desertions from the United States army occur that not a little demoralization of the service takes place herefrom. In the five years ending with the new year, over 27,000 soldiers deserted from our army, and it is said that since then the percentage of desertion has very greatly increased. Court-martials do not seem to check the evil, and so far no other corrective has been suggested. What the chief cause of the trouble is, it is hard to say. Perhaps too many thoughtless and foolish young men join who when they learn what the necessary duties of a soldier are, get dissatisfied enough with their lot to take the risk which an army deserter assumes; or it may be that many reckless and undesirable men enlist who soon tire of the restraints of army life, and run away for that reason. On the other hand, so many insults, indignities and unnecessary burdens may at times be imposed on private soldiers by their officers that self-respecting Americans refuse to put up with them. Whatever the cause or causes, the extent of desertion from our army has become so great that it demands the notice and concern of thoughtful men outside of the army as well as within it.—Acheson Globe.

"Hello!" said the observing man. "That's a funny word. We use it a hundred times a day, and yet we never think of where it came from. 'Hello' isn't as many people think, a transposed warm exclamation used in heated discussions by hot headed people. It's French. Way back in the eleventh century the word was born. The Normans in England coined it. They had great wolf hunts in Britain just after they had conquered the country, and while they were beating the brush of course they had to yell. Had the Normans spoken Anglo-Saxon, probably when we use the telephone we would say 'Thuh-wool,' a corruption of 'the wolf.' As they spoke French, they cried the French for 'the wolf,' or 'le loup,' pronounced 'luloo.' The Anglo-Saxons picked up the word and it was corrupted into 'hello.' Remember, when you telephone the next time, that you are giving the old Norman wolf hunt cry, 'the wolf.'"

Numerous and Worthless.

Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazel Salve. E. C. DeWitt & Co. of Chicago discovered some years ago how to make a salve from Witch Hazel that is a specific for Piles. For blind, bleeding, itching and protruding Piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases DeWitt's Salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine. Sold at the City Pharmacy.

Bad Indeed.

Losing flesh is indeed a bad sign. Take Scott's Emulsion for it. For weak indigestion, for defective nourishment, for consumption, take Scott's Emulsion. It restores flesh because it strikes to the cause of the loss.

When you wish the finest flavored coffee and tea, remember that W. J. Nettle keeps only the best.

Get the weak spots in your old harness patched at Pete Piccardo's.

Frank Simcich - 1619 - Prop

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NOTICE OF SALE.

Of Property of the State Pursuant to Section 3897 of the Political Code.

Office of the Tax Collector of the County of Amador, State of California.

WHEREAS, on the 14th day of August, 1905, there was received by me and filed in my office a written authorization, under the hand and seal of the Controller of the State of California, which said authorization was and is in words and figures following:

NOTICE.

Controller's Department.
State of California.

To the Tax Collector of the County of Amador, State of California: WHEREAS, on November 14th, 1904, there was filed and recorded in the Controller's office of the State of California, certain deeds conveying to the People of the State of California the title to those certain lots and parcels of land hereinafter described.

And, whereas, said deeds recite the fact that said property hereinafter described was struck off and sold to the People of the State of California for the nonpayment of State and County taxes, penalties and costs, and all charges levied and assessed against said property for the year 1898.

And, whereas, five years have elapsed since the date of said sale, and no redemption, according to law, has been made of said property, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the law in such cases made and provided, I, E. P. Colgan, Controller of the State of California, by virtue of the authority in me vested by the laws of this State, do by these presents authorize, empower, and direct you, the said Tax Collector, to sell at public auction, in separate lots or parcels, the property hereinafter described, in and to the People of the State of California, first be given of such sale by publication for at least three weeks in some newspaper published in the county or city and county, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then by posting a notice in three conspicuous places in the county, or city and county, for the same period, which notices must state specifically the place of sale and the hour of sale, and shall contain a description of the property to be sold, and shall also embody a copy of this authorization.

The property above referred to and hereby authorized to be sold, is situate lying, and being in the County of Amador, State of California, bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The New London Q. M., described as Lot 60 in Secs. 11 and 14, T. 7 N. R. 10, and holding works thereon, and 20 stamp mill, located in SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 11, T. 7 N. R. 10, and Ely of W. 1/4 of Sec. 14, T. 7 N. R. 10, Sold to the State June 20th, 1899.

That no bid shall be received or accepted at such sale for less than the amount of all the taxes levied upon such property, and all interest, costs, penalties, and expenses up to the date of the sale hereby authorized, together with all such subsequent taxes as may have been levied for delinquency up to the date of the issuance of the State of the deed or deeds hereinafter referred to, with all interests, costs, penalties and other charges thereon added to such subsequent taxes.

That said sale shall be conducted in all respects as by law governing such sales.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at Sacramento, this 10th day of August, A. D. 1905. [SEAL.]

By D. A. MOUTON, Deputy.

Therefore, in pursuance of law, public notice is hereby given that I will on SATURDAY, the 10th day of SEPTEMBER, 1905, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., in front of the Tax Collector's office, in the County of Amador, State of California, sell in one parcel, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash in lawful money of the United States, the property hereinafter described, in said Controller's authorization described, which said authorization is hereby made a part of this notice.

Situate lying, and being in the County of Amador, State of California, bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lot 60 in Secs. 11 and 14, T. 7 N. R. 10, and holding works thereon, and 20 stamp mill, located in SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 11, T. 7 N. R. 10, and Ely of W. 1/4 of Sec. 14, T. 7 N. R. 10, Sold to the State, June 20th, 1899.

TAXES, PENALTIES, INTEREST AND COSTS. Assessed for the year 1898 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....\$212.55
Penalties for delinquency.....25.55
Costs.....2.25
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Penalty on road tax.....4.36
Total.....\$245.71
Assessed for the year 1899 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1900 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1901 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1902 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1903 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1904 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1905 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1906 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1907 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1908 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1909 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1910 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1911 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1912 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1913 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1914 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1915 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1916 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1917 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1918 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1919 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1920 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1921 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1922 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1923 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1924 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

Taxes.....17.50
Penalties for delinquency.....2.18
Costs.....0.50
Interest to Sept. 1st, 1905.....1.00
Total.....\$21.18
Assessed for the year 1925 to Lucille Gold Mining Co.

TASTES AND INCOME.

HARD TO MAKE NECESSITIES CONFORM TO SALARY.

The Inexorable "Must" Is Everywhere in These Days of Growing Expensiveness and Cannot Be Avoided.

"I have the tastes of a millionaire and the means of a tramp," is a saying of our friend the Sacramento professor. Of course, he meant the tastes which only a millionaire could afford to gratify, for the making of most millionaires depends not a little on the absence of tastes. This wide contradiction which yawns between large desires and limited incomes counts for a good deal of the interest of life and society and helps to keep the world going, says Ellen Olney Kirk in the Philadelphia Ledger. "Everybody orther have \$50,000 and not a cent more," said the Nantucket man. "If that were possible it would make a dull world; but it is not possible. For divide the world's wealth equally to-day and by to-morrow some will be richer than others. Thoreau tried to prove that a man of education and ideals could build his own home, raise his own beans and live on almost nothing a year. But he lived only for himself, without wife or child, and his pursuits were those of a rich man. He liked books and leisure to read them; nature and ample time to study and observe it and friends to meet with and discuss the knotty problems then offered to New England philosophers. He could afford to be the most exclusive of men. His saying, 'I would rather sit on a pumpkin and have it all to myself than be crowded on a silken cushion,' contains the essence of the aristocratic idea.

A recent writer in the Atlantic Monthly takes up the subject on its practical side, and from the point of view that most college professors are paid too little makes a careful survey of the necessary expenses of a man with a wife and two children, obliged to live in a style that is sufficiently creditable to the university to which he is attached. His summary of the needs of such a family is most comprehensive, even taking into account a possible operation for appendicitis (is it not time, by the way, to begin to insure against appendicitis?). Nothing is left out, and in the list of actual expenses nothing seems excessive. The family of four keep one servant, and for the five there is a grocery bill of \$25. This, with \$15 for meat, \$5 for milk and \$10 for fruit, vegetables, butter and eggs, makes a monthly total of \$55 for the dress of four persons is so moderate as to call for admiration. Still, counting everything, insurance, charities, amusements, outings, the annual sum total reaches the amount of \$3,150, while the average salary for professors is but \$2,000. The writer's conclusion is: "We and our wives face an impossible problem," the only solution being the possession of some private means.

"The must is hard," says Goethe, "but only by the must can we test our powers. To live by caprice requires no particular effort," and accordingly the professor's wife would, we trust, be able to reduce her husband's schedule and bring it within the prescribed limit. Indeed, the old-fashioned idea would have been to live on less than \$100 a month and save the rest for a rainy day. But the tastes of millionaires are with us. Everybody has a piece of cut-glass or blue china to live up to. Every bride's paraphernalia is suitable for a princess, and there is something tragic in falling below the scale which such elegancies impose.

Going without might seem the best remedy when one wishes to adjust expenses to means, but we are all so interlinked with other people that the possible economy is the deprivation of those who depend on us. Let us decide to cut off the fruit supply, and the agony depicted in the face of the Italian who brings us bananas and oranges convicts us of cruelty—almost meanness. Authors complain if people do not buy their books; so do painters if the public does not buy their pictures, but all the time the artist of soul of the fruit vender, whose fruit spoils because no one will purchase, goes unspoken. And think of what an accumulation of bitterness there must be in the heart of the cab drivers who "tout" for a fare! With what scorn they must resent our ignominious economy, which deprives them of just that needed margin of income. Such heartbreaks lie on the other side of silence.

In spite of the growing expensiveness of everyday life, the inexorable "must" referring to the plan of the state penitentiary. Unfortunately one of the letters slipped out of the line before the whole edition was printed. The copy received by the Telegram reads: "The Twin Plant Doesn't Pay."—Kansas City Drovers' Telegram.

Ruling Passion. "You have only two months longer to live," the physician told him. "Then don't say anything about it," doctor," said the consumptive sport, "I can get a whole lot of bets on that proposition."—Chicago Tribune.

NOTICE. The Ione high school will open on Sept. 4, 1905, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance from Amador, Sutter Creek, and Jackson on account of the very liberal commutation tickets issued by the Ione and Eastern Railroad Company to pupils and teachers. The company has issued monthly round trip tickets at the extremely low figure of \$10 per month from Martells, and \$15 per month from Amador, Sutter Creek, and Jackson.

aug. 25, 17

Letter From Alaska.

It seems to require a long time for the sun to put life and vigor into young spring. March, April and May, are all required to loosen the bands that have held this region in flint like rigidity since October. But the persistent influence of the sun's rays, at last asserts its power, and with ever increasing rapidity. April was more than two-thirds gone before freighting on runners had to cease.

May 1st the ground was bare and vegetation begins to appear, excepting where drifts and overflowing ice made greater resistance to warmth. Two weeks later, everybody was feasting on greens, the finest ever tasted. Half a dozen different sorts make most excellent greens, and salads, or may be eaten like lettuce. After living seven months with hardly any fresh vegetables, it is surprising what a luxury tender sprouts become.

About the 1st of May the Yukon begins to show signs of life. Water appears along the edges of the ice, which rises perceptibly day by day, until the river is 5 or 6 feet higher than during the winter, and a space on either side between ice and shore, makes two boats necessary to effect a crossing. On Thursday, May 10th a few minutes after 12, the ice started, in front of Rampart, with a noise like that of rusty machinery getting under way, moved about 200 feet and stopped, a black strip of water appearing at the bend above town. That was all for that day. Wednesday morning the river at the bend was piled about 20 feet high with great blocks of ice several feet in thickness and rods in extent, having "jammed" during the night, or rather while we were asleep, for it is light enough for one to read at midnight from April to August.

Thursday the great show came off. Without any warning a tremendous creaking, crashing and grinding accompanied the outgoing of the ice in front of town. It moved like a mighty bridge, the trails, water holes, piles of refuse scraps, etc., making it seem as if one side of the town were leaving. Soon the "jam" gave way and the great cakes of ice came taster and larger, for the river was rising very rapidly and the huge ice floes, acres in extent, would be wedged between others, and split, ground and dissolved with marvelous rapidity. In three days the river was running free from ice and 22 feet higher than during the winter. Two days later a small steamer that had followed the ice from Dawson, landed with fish supplies that had been sent over the R. R. to White Horse, hauled over the ice 55 miles, to the foot of Lake Lebarge, and floated in scows to Dawson as soon as the upper river was open.

We were glad to get fresh potatoes for 27 1/2 cts a pound, onions for 30c, and eggs for \$1.50 a dozen, I bought nearly a half of provisions for \$5.00. One appreciates luxuries after being without them for a long time.

June 18th the "big mail" arrived, on White Horse. During the winter most of the mail, except letters, is held at Skagway, as our poor old Uncle Sam can only afford to pay for hauling 400 pounds a week to supply the whole interior of Alaska. The hundreds of thousands wrung from Alaska pioneers on the principle of "taxation without representation," (seems to me I read an expression like that in history once) are probably needed to carry on the work of "benevolent assimilation" in the Philippines.—Excuse the digression but when one lives in an atmosphere of tyranny, he fully realizes the hollow and hypocrisy of our pretended free institutions.

Well, the "big mail," at last arrived, several tons of it, papers, magazines, merchandise, etc. I received a file of "Ledgers," from Oct. to May, and what an "orgy" of news hunting we all had, but please consider what a comfort all this mail would have been, could we have received it weekly during the six months of Arctic night. Canadians suffer no such deprivations and are fond of laughing at the pitiful meanness, shown in different ways, in congressional treatment of Alaska. This is written in no partisan spirit, it is just the same name under democratic rule. Alaska seems to be the Cinderella of the two big big sister parties, who abuse her alternately, seemingly for their own amusement. C. H. G. Rampart Alaska. July 1st.

The Methodist churches, north and south, have combined on a hymn book which is soon to be published, and while the incident shows that these two religious bodies, which have been at outs for generations, are making up, it is doubtful if the hymn-book will be acceptable. Many of the old fashioned hymns are cut out. The formal hymnal contained 1,111 hymns read to every Methodist's heart, and 400 of these have been cut out, and many new ones put in. For instance, Kipling's Recessional is to be put in. No one knows what the Recessional is about. The Recessional will make the real old timers in Methodist singing grab their foreheads, and stagger out.—Acheson Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

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AN OCEAN MYSTERY.

The Fate of the Mary Celeste Has for Thirty Years Excited the Interest of Sailors.

Of all the unexplained happenings none seems so mysterious as do those of the sea, for the waves keep their secrets. Among the many nautical mysteries which have been the talk of seafaring folk that of the Mary Celeste has for 30 years taken the lead. All sorts of explanations have been attempted, and the incidents have been used as the basis of a well-known sea novel, yet no satisfactory solution has been offered. A writer in the New York Evening Post has recently summed up the facts of the case, and strange ones they are. The Mary Celeste was unlucky from the first. She was launched in 1859. Bad fortune attended her very start in the world, for being built of green timber she stuck on the ways, and was floated only at great expense. Her voyages were unprofitable, and after a few years her captain, discouraged by continual loss, took his life.

On December 4, 1873, the Mary Celeste, bound for Genoa, was found by the British vessel Dei Gratia about midway between the Azores and Lisbon, adrift and abandoned. She was running under sail, her long boat was gone, and the chronometer and log were missing. It was evident she had been deserted in haste. By the log book it was judged she had been cruising without a crew for eight or nine days.

The vessel was searched carefully, but the mystery only deepened. A naked, dark-stained cutlas which was found on the cabin floor for a time caused a suspicion of mutiny, but a later examination showed the stains to be only rust. There were no traces of strife. On the cabin table lay cloth, needle, scissors and thimble—evidence of a woman suddenly interrupted sewing. The pumps were dry, the cargo intact, and nothing wrong with the spars or rigging.

The brig was taken to Gibraltar and investigations begun. There was an attempt to prove that the captain intended to lose his ship on one of the reefs of the Azores, but the case fell through. Obvious objections to this theory were the captain's wife and child on board and the risking of all lives in

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.	Temp. L. H.	Rainfall.	Date.	Temp. L. H.	Rainfall.
Sept. 1 (Sat.)	53-90	0.00	Sept. 10 (Sat.)	53-82	0.00
2	50-90	0.00	11	48-80	0.00
3	49-88	0.00	12	48-80	0.00
4	50-88	0.00	13	48-80	0.00
5	49-88	0.00	14	48-80	0.00
6	50-88	0.00	15	48-80	0.00
7	54-88	0.00	16	48-80	0.00
8	53-88	0.00			
9	50-88	0.00			
10	50-88	0.00			
11	48-80	0.00			
12	48-80	0.00			
13	48-80	0.00			
14	48-80	0.00			
15	48-80	0.00			
16	48-80	0.00			

Total rainfall for season to date... 32.31 inches
To corresponding period last season 35.36

LOCAL NEWS

All kinds of harness from \$15 up at Pete Piccardo's.

For fine stationery, go to the City Pharmacy.

Ledger and Chicago Week'y Inter-ocean, both papers for one year, \$2.50 in advance.

Max Ladar of the Exclusive Clothing and Tailoring Store of Jackson left Saturday for San Francisco to purchase his fall stock. You will do well to hold back your orders until you see his new goods adv. 1 t.

R. P. Lopley and R. G. Calvin left Saturday morning for Antelope, on a hunting expedition.

Court Unity, A. O. F. initiated two new members under their new ritual last Saturday evening.

C. C. Ginochio and wife returned Monday evening, from Sacramento.

Mrs. S. Angove returned from Sacramento Monday evening.

J. W. Phillips who has been employed at the Argonaut mine, left Friday evening for Ohio, on a visit to his folks.

H. C. Shear, manager of the Sunset Telephone, who left for the city for his health, has entered the McConut hospital where he went under an operation.

W. L. Fortner, with his daughter Maud, went to Stockton Sunday morning to make arrangement, with the Stockton Business College for a year's course in that institution for his daughter. Miss Maud remains in Stockton to enter upon a course of studies in shorthand and typewriting. There are nearly 200 students in that institution, and the number is steadily increasing. W. L. Fortner returned home Monday.

Tom Peek came up from Oakland Friday evening to be present at the jubilee of the marriage of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Peek on Saturday. He returned to the city Sunday. He is taking care of a large tobacco and cigar business in Oakland, which is traveling through the slow process of the probate court.

Concert Saturday night, new songs. J. C. Creason of Excelsior Springs, Mo., is doing the lathing for Ben F. Taylor's new residence. He is an expert lather, and travels from the lakes to the Pacific. Mr. Creason was married recently, however, and he and his wife have so fallen in love with California, that they will make it their future home.

Any person who wishes a copy of Rev. F. A. Morrow's pamphlet may have one, free by calling at Rev. Morrow's house, or if the pamphlet is asked for by mail it will be sent on receipt of four cents in stamps to pay postage.

A. Bouterious, wife and child, arrived in Jackson Saturday evening. Mr. Bouterious is a grandson of Mrs. Shober, and is a butcher by trade, and at one time was identified with the butcher business in Jackson. He comes to take charge of the butcher shop of D. Mattley.

A. O. Wilcox, who for a number of years lived in Amador county, identified with mining around Jackson and other points, but who for several years past has been in Orange, New Jersey, writes to a friend in Jackson under date of Sept 5 that he expected to leave for California in a few days, via New Orleans and the S. P. R. route. He will probably go to Placer county in the neighborhood of Ophir or Newcastle.

Ray Parker and family, formerly of Jackson, but now of Napa is here on a visit to his mother.

Mrs. Black mother of Mrs. J. McCutchen left for her home in Woodland on Friday.

Mrs. Ed. Kay and daughter Thelma returned home Tuesday evening from Lincoln.

Paul Parker has returned home after six weeks' visit to his brother in Napa.

Joe Ratto returned to Jackson Wednesday after an absence of several months.

Everything for your toilet can be procured to best advantage at the City Pharmacy, complete stocks, low prices.

F. W. Rubser can fill your wants in the drug and stationery line at the City Pharmacy.

Miss Sweeney, milliner, returned Wednesday evening, to attend to the millinery business for Mrs. K. Delahide.

John Guisto returned Wednesday evening after a few days' visit at the capital.

L. J. Fontenrose, accompanied by his wife, returned from San Francisco Saturday evening. He went to get medical advice as to his health, which has been failing for some time.

C. H. Crocker, the attorney, has been in San Francisco, and other places for the past two weeks, called thither on legal business, is expected home this evening. While in the city he was unexpectedly called to Santa Rosa, and this has delayed his return.

William Perry Jr., and wife attended the carnival at Sacramento. The first named returned Tuesday evening Mrs. Perry remained at the capital for a visit with friends.

We make a specialty of printing all kinds of notes, receipts, checks, etc. Send your orders to the Ledger.

Additional Locals.

Fresh pickled olives of the season just received; 65c per gallon; Nettie's market.

John Ekkel, has returned to Plymouth. He served a term of 18 months in the state prison for shooting at one Ed Keyes, when under the influence of liquor in Plymouth. He was liberated after 15 months. There was much sympathy expressed for Ekkel at the time.

J. F. Wilson, Dentist. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Phone Main 404; residence phone No. 523; Jackson, Cal.

The board of supervisors will meet next Monday to fix the tax rate for the current year. Although there is a drop in the state rate of four cents, it is not like that there will be any reduction in the total of state and county levy. The county funds are pretty well exhausted, and with several heavy criminal cases ahead, the prospect is more for increase rather than decrease in the cost of the local government. Unless the road tax is cut down, which is hardly likely, the tax rate will no doubt reach, if not pass, the high figures of last year.

The pain of sunburn stops as soon as you apply Rubser's Cold Cream. Headaches from any cause yield promptly to Rubser's Headache Powders. Quick and sure relief guaranteed.

W. H. Greenhalgh and bride arrived in Jackson after their bridal tour, the latter part of last week, and have taken up their residence at the old Greenhalgh homestead at the corner of Court street and Volcano road.

Don't let people pull the wool over your eyes, by putting out baits and get you in. Our goods sell just as they are marked. See our ad Jackson Shoe Store.

A social dance will be given by Prof. Holland, in Love's hall tomorrow evening September 16th. Admission, ladies free, gentlemen \$1. Dancing commences at 9 o'clock.

Shave yourself—save time—save money—save your face—Shaving supplies in plenty at the City Pharmacy. Prof. Holland, teacher of calisthenics, organized a dancing class in Love's hall Wednesday evening. After the class was formed a dance was given, and kept up with spirit until one o'clock next morning.

Get wise and see our prices on all kinds of goods, we mean to sell good goods at a cheap price. Jackson Shoe Store.

Prof. Holland will give a grand masquerade ball, in Love hall, Jackson, Saturday night, September 30. Watch for posters next week.

Al Swinson left about 10 feet in the Kennedy mine yesterday, but received no serious injuries.

John Mattley on Tuesday last at West Point was run over by a wagon. The vehicle passed over his left leg bruising it badly. No bones were broken, but the victim is laid up as a result.

Henry Lague this morning in the Argonaut met with a misfortune. He approached a point where a miner was employed in driving wedges, close to the shaft in one of the levels. The wielder of the hammer, not knowing of the presence of Lague, struck him between the eyes with the hammer, inflicting a bad wound and nearly knocking him down the shaft.

A Blanket Mortgage.

The biggest mortgage ever filed for record in Amador county was left with the county recorder on September 11, 1905. It was filed at the request of W. W. Davis, an attorney for the Southern Pacific Company. The parties to the mortgage are the Southern Pacific R. R. Company and Southern Pacific Co. on the one side and the Equitable Trust Co. of New York on the other. The mortgage is to secure the payment of the bonds of the railroad company to the amount of \$160,000,000 authorized issue dated January 3, 1905; the principal of which is payable January 1, 1955. The bonds bear four per cent interest, payable semi annually on the first day of January and July. The mortgage covers all lines owned by the Southern Pacific Company, and is made not only for the purpose of securing the outstanding bonds, but also to provide funds to improve, extend and construct additional lines. It is to be recorded twice, once as a mortgage upon the realty and again as a chattel mortgage covering the personal property. The document consists of 111 pages of printed matter, with 7½ pages of notary acknowledgements. The recording fee amounted to \$71, for upwards of 26,000 words.

Call and see the immense new stock at Pete Piccardo's.

Always Successful.

When indigestion becomes chronic it is dangerous. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will cure indigestion and all troubles resulting therefrom, thus preventing Catarrh of the Stomach. Dr. Newbrough, of League, W. Va., says: "To those suffering from indigestion or sour stomach I would say there is no better remedy than Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have prescribed it for a number of my patients with good success." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. Sold at the City Pharmacy.

Hump Back

SCOTT'S EMULSION won't make a hump back straight, neither will it make a short leg long, but it feeds soft bones and heals diseased bone and is among the few genuine means of recovery in rickets and bone consumption.

Send for Free Sample
SCOTT'S EMULSION, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c and \$1.00, all druggists.



A New Way to Get Rid of Rats.

Melvin Ford, of the firm of Ford and Cofer, of Jackson, has hit upon an effective way to get rid of rats. Where he lives on Main street, he has been bothered with these pests considerably. They made their homes between the ceiling and roof, and also under the floor, often creating such a noise as to keep the inmates awake at night. To destroy them by means of poison would leave their carcasses to decay within the premises, and dead rats would be about as much a nuisance as the live article. So he concocted a plan of his own to get over the trouble, without annoyance from the afterglow. He trapped two live rats in the blacksmith shop. He then gave them a dip up to the necks in a preparation of glue or mucilage. When fairly charged with this sticky substance, he let the rodents into a lot of small chicken feathers. Of course the feathers stuck to the glue and formed a dowry coat that not only scared the victims, but also all other rodents of the same species that happened to come in sight. One of these feather-coated animals he turned loose above the ceiling of the dwelling, and the other beneath the floor. And they scampered for dear life. There was a great racket for a while afterward. The other rats did not know what to make of the strange intruders, and ran away from them. At the same time, the doctored rats ran to keep with the other, and to secure companionship with their kind. So the race to get away, and to keep pace was kept up for some time. The result was that all the varmints have been scared from the premises, and it is probable it will be a long time before any of them are bold enough to take up their abode in their accustomed haunts. If they do Ford will simply repeat the performance, and finally scare them off altogether.

AUKUM.

The Evening Shade school started Monday with Zada Newell, of Oleta as teacher.

Mrs. Fred Ruoff of Chinese Camp, who has been visiting relatives in this vicinity for some time past, returned home last week.

Mrs. Seelye and granddaughter, Hattie, visited the latter's grandmother, Mrs. Berry, of Pine Grove last week.

Rev. Phillips of Plymouth preached at Pigeon Creek Sunday to a good audience.

Sam Kasper and wife, are stopping on Mr. Boynton's ranch, while he and his wife are in Sacramento.

Newt Perry and wife, who are visiting relatives in San Francisco, are expected home soon.

Anna Uhlinger, who has been visiting her parents, for three weeks, has returned to Mills' Station, where she is at work.

Blanche Goffinett is working for Mrs. R. Upton, of Shenandoah.

Geo. Ames is nursing Mr. Kirkendall, who is quite sick.

Mrs. H. K. Putnam, of Michigan, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wrigglesworth, for some time, has returned to her home.

George Cruson, who has been in Plymouth sick and under the care of Dr. Norman, has returned to his place once more.

Mrs. A. Uhlinger and daughter Lena, visited friends in Oleta Sunday.

Mrs. Chas. Walton of Plymouth is the guest of her mother, Mrs. J. Brunfield.

PINE GROVE.

Times continue to improve. Everybody and his neighbor seems to be living in harmony with the world at large.

Mrs. Batz accompanied, by her son Vernon, left for the bay city Saturday, the latter to enter high school.

We are glad to welcome David Fisher Jr. back, after a sojourn of several years abroad.

Earl Liversedge, in company with Mark Williams, paid us a visit of several days last week returning to Amador on Friday morning.

Frank Blakely returned from Sacramento this week, where he has been in attendance at the fair. Frank reports a royal good time, and says one of the greatest attractions for old and young was the ox team from Whitmore's saw mill.

A. C. McDonald spent two days in Sutter Creek last week, in the interest of the Mitchell mine.

Several of our town's people attended the hop in Volcano Saturday evening and declared that when you want an all-round good time go to Volcano.

Mr. Triggs was down one day last week, and reported plenty of frost in the neighborhood of Wiley's.

Mrs. Olney has been quite ill for several days, but we are glad to hear of her convalescence.

Miss Hilda Leak, entertained friends on Friday evening. After participating in games, music, and ice cream, they returned to their respective homes wishing that Hilda would entertain soon again. Those present were, Mayne Luttrell, Elsie Luttrell, Ethel Walker, Floy Barnes, Hilda Leak, Eddie Luttrell, Vernon Batz, Kelo Ballentine, Earl Liversedge, Mark Williams.

Alpha.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50

ADMISSION-DAY CELEBRATION.

Amador County Carries Off the Honors at Sacramento.

The excursion train that left the Martell depot for Sacramento on the evening of Friday last consisted of about 200 persons. They were accommodated in two flat cars—the make-shift arrangements heretofore used by the Lone and Eastern railroad until their regular passenger cars arrived from the east. It is needless to say that the excursionists were pretty closely packed. There was neither standing nor sitting room to spare. It was thought that when they reached Lone they would be transferred to the spacious passenger cars of Southern Pacific. This hope however was not realized. The excursionists were carried to Galt in the self same palace cars. And at Galt, where they felt sure of being released from durance, there were no other coaches to be had, so the decorated flat cars were hurried along with their human freight to the capital city at the clipping gait of sixty miles an hour, with out a stop. By the time the train pulled into the Sacramento depot, it appeared as if it had been struck with a cyclone. The contact with the breeze had shorn the cars of much of the top covering the bunting was in tatters. Nevertheless the trip was safely made and thousands of persons lined the depot to greet the pioneers and Native Sons from Amador.

The part that was played by the representatives of the Native Sons and Daughters of Amador county was the most unique feature of the entire parade at Sacramento, last Saturday. If other parades, and other delegations represented modern costume, and foreign novelty; good old Amador was the real embodiment of what the native sons and daughters stand for! They picturesquely represented in dramatic effect what their fathers and mothers were and did.

What Easterner, viewing for the first time a Native Son's parade, would not instantly turn from a section of young women dressed in Japanese costume, on a band of young men dressed in the dand attire of Broadway, to the picturesque figure of Charlie Peters of Jackson, togged out in strict accordance with the fashion of 1849, with his selfsame trusty revolver in his belt and knife in his boots that proved such trusty friends in 1849. Or who could linger on more modern ways when the silvered hair and beard of F. M. Whitmore, another pioneer 82 years young, appeared in the Amador delegation. The delegation from Amador was composed of members from Amador Parlor No. 17 of Sutter Creek, Excelsior Parlor No. 31 of Jackson, Lone Parlor No. 23 and Keystone Parlor No. 173. These parlor units in forming an immigration train, representing the pioneers crossing the plains. The train was led by J. C. Norris, representing chief Micke, the Indian guide, and was marshaled by W. M. Amick of Lone, who was mounted on a black charger.

The immigration train consisted of a prairie schooner drawn by six oxen, and driven by James Nichols, in the guise of a cow puncher. The prairie schooner was one that crossed the plains in 1852, and on both sides contained the words "1854; to California or Bust. Busted by Dag."

In the schooner chaperoned by F. M. Whitmore were seated a number of Native daughters of Amador Co, dressed in calico gowns, with poke sunbonnets of green and blue.

The women in the schooner were Mrs. John McGee and Mrs. W. T. Jones of Ursula Parlor No. 1 of Jackson, Mrs. T. A. Van Sandt, Anna Huickley, Mrs. W. M. Amick, Mrs. Burnes, Mrs. J. H. Heffern, Miss C. Moore and Mrs. R. H. Bagley of Chispa Parlor No. 40.

A wagon filled with Native Daughters followed in the coarse gingham and sun-bonnets of pioneer days, wearing the homely garb of their forefathers on the plains.

The Amador county delegation went overland to Sacramento in truly consistent, style, and the display is said to have stirred the heart of every true Californian as it lumbered by in the spirit of '49.

Gov. Pardee and staff, at the head of the procession just returned to the starting point as Amador, which was accorded the place of honor on the right of the line of march, began to move, which was the signal for tumultuous cheers and applause which greeted Amador throughout the great parade. All along the line everywhere Amador was cheered to the echo, and drew the enthusiastic plaudits of the great crowd of spectators—the greatest in the history of the organization of Native Sons and Daughters.

The wagon which followed the prairie schooner was filled with Native Daughters dressed as Pioneer women. In the wagon were the following members of Ursula Parlor No. 1: Miss Nellie Mugford, Miss Rose Carey, Miss May Doyle, Miss Rose Ratto, Mrs. Etta Ford, Miss Marie Brescia, Mrs. Mary Morrow, Mrs. J. G. Garbarini, Mrs. W. E. Stewart, Miss Anna Perovich, Miss Lillie Lemin, and Miss A. V. Cuneo Amapola Parlor No. 80.

The train was also accompanied by a carriage bearing the banner of Ursula Parlor No. 1 of Jackson. In the carriage were Mrs. C. C. Ginochio, C. W. Freeman, George Court-right and Miss Daisy Littlefield.

Fire Warning.

E. T. Allen, State Forester located at Sacramento, has sent out a notice which is posted in the Jackson post office, warning the general public against the danger of forest fires. He calls special attention to the penalties and provisions of the law on the subject contained in 235 of the statutes of 1905, and 602 of the Penal Code. A little care on the part of hunters and others at this season will save a vast deal of trouble.

PROPERTY DEEDED TO STATE.

On Account of Delinquent Taxes.

We herewith publish a partial list of property in Amador county deeded to the state this year on account of delinquent taxes for the year 1899. The taxes of that year being unpaid, the property was in 1900 sold to the state, and five years having elapsed since the sale, and the property not having been redeemed, the tax collector in accordance with the provisions of law, made out a deed to the state for each parcel remaining unredeemed. These deeds have just been filed for record with the county recorder. The amount due for taxes and costs, as published, show what was due thereon up to the time of making out the deed. Probably the sum required to redeem now will be somewhat larger than the amount stated.

Property owners whose property is thus listed are liable at any time to have their property advertised for sale at public auction, at the request of any one who is disposed to purchase the same. The property owners have the right to redeem, by paying all costs and expenses, at any time before the day of public sale.

Amador Tunnel Co. Mammoth mine and mill \$158 00

Albany Mining Co. Littlefield, Middle Bar, Elephant, and Astoria mines, Jackson district 15 68

J. S. Cooley, mining claim, 7-8-10, 200 acres 5 39

A Calamari, lots 30 and 31, Hamilton tract, Jackson 2 86

M. M. Cook 10 acres, 13-6-12 4 47

Lorenzo L. Cuneo, mortgage on lots 29 and 30, of block 2, Jackson 21 82

E. C. Ekkel, 120 acres, 5-4-10 9 50

Evening Star Mining Co. New York quartz mine and extension and 355 acres sec. 1 and 6 town-ship 5-11 and 31 and 32-6-10 47 28

Berania Francisco, 120 acres 9-10 and 10-5-11 5 96

J. A. Gibbert, poss right 40 acres, 8-6-12 5 67

W. S. Gibbert, lot 27½ block 10, Jackson 11 67

Thomas P. Howell, Crown Point mine in 2-5-11 11 75

Honeck, 10 acres, 9-6-11 1 16

Fred Hammer, 21 acres 28-8-9 and 32-7-9 27 10

Phil Kennedy Jr. estate of lot 4 block 4, lone 5 22

Mother Lode Gold Mining Co. Vulture and McNamara quartz mines, in 3-5-11 8 37

C. J. Martin, Merrimac quartz mines, Jackson 2 75

Ida M. Penry, lot 6 block 1, Jackson 5 26

John Riordan, lot 20 lone 10 62

V. Spinetti and A. Calligan, lots 1-2-6 and 7, Jackson Gate 89 15

Union Consolidated G. M. Co., Paugh and Unionmines mill and 180 acres 4-6-12 329 55

J. J. Westfall, house and lot in Jackson 6 80

Mrs. Mary W. Wilson, 162 acres 25-6-10 and 30 and 31-6-11 10 27

A Compliment to Rev. Dr. Phelps.

The Oroville Register of Sept. 6, contains the following notice of the Rev. J. W. Phelps the pastor of the M. E. church here last year, but who has been stationed at Oroville the past year:

At the the M. E. quarterly conference last evening an unusual and pleasing proceeding took place. In the M. E. church the selection of pastors is left to the annual conference of the clergy. But last evening the congregation of the local M. E. church extended a call to Rev. Dr. Phelps. During the session F. H. Gray in making a motion for a call to Dr. Phelps, reviewed the work of the pastor and the condition of the church. The conference by a rising vote unanimously supported the motion of Mr. Gray. During his stay in Oroville, Dr. Phelps has become very popular, not alone with his congregation, but with the citizens of Oroville, irrespective of religious belief. He is a broad-minded man, earnest in his work, and very able in the pulpit. A ripe scholar and an able speaker, Dr. Phelps is an ornament to the town.

Both pastor and flock are to be congratulated on their extremely kind relations. Outside of the church the news that Dr. Phelps will remain in Oroville will be received with great satisfaction. He is a man of whom it can be truly said that he has "malice toward none and charity for all."

No Unpleasant Effects.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for biliousness or constipation you know what pill pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rid the system of all bile without producing unpleasant effects. Sold at City Pharmacy.

Family Reunion.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Peek celebrated the 50th anniversary, of their marriage on Saturday last, at their residence in Jackson. All the members of the family were present, consisting of four sons, Frank, John, Henry and Thomas, and two daughters, Mrs. Alice Jones and Miss Millie Peek. There were also several grandchildren present. A pleasant time was spent together, and the occasion was made interesting to all. A substantial repast was prepared especially in celebration of the event, also ice cream and cake. It falls to the lot of few couples to pass a half-century of wedded life. Both Mr. and Mrs. Peek are hale and hearty, notwithstanding their advanced years, the latter enjoying better health than she has done before for years.

Best For Children.

Mothers, be careful of the health of your children. Look out for Coughs, Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough. Stop them in time—One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy. Harmless and pleasant. Contains no opiates. Sold at the City Pharmacy.

MINING NOTES.

Oneida—It is the intention of the company to prospect the mine to considerably greater depth. A winze is to be run from the 2400 level, to a depth of some 600 feet. This will carry the prospecting operations to the depth of 3000. The grade of rock at present being worked is low. It is hoped that in sinking to greater depth the ore will improve in quality. This is but a reasonable supposition. The company have expended vast sums in the effort to open up a permanent paying mine, and are prepared to spend considerably more in the same behalf. No company that has ever entered the mining field of Amador has been more generous, and at the same time more judicious, in expending money in developing a mining property. The universal hope is that the further explorations will place the Oneida property on a basis that will amply repay the owners for all the expense entailed during the past ten or twelve years of active work.

Zella—The work of preparing to install electric power to run air compressors, mill and other machinery instead of water power is being prosecuted. Thirty of the 40 stamps will be run by electricity, the other ten will be run by water power. This utilization of water for a part of the mill is necessary to supply sufficient water to carry off the tailings; otherwise the tailings would be liable to accumulate in the creek in the dry season and cause some trouble.

Bunker Hill—The output of this mine is on the up grade. The clean-up last month for the 20 stamp mill, was over \$10,000, including sulphurets. This is better than has been done for a long time. It is no big yield nor one that promises much in the way of dividends to the stockholders, as the mining expenses are equal to the product. Still it is encouraging, and the stock

